

Technology Brief: RhoB Variants for Suppression of Malignancy

Docket Number: 04B102

Summary	 RhoB protein suppresses tumor growth and induces apoptosis. The signaling protein RhoB is reduced in certain tumors; hence restoration of RhoB activity may be an effective therapy. Certain mutants of RhoB have been identified as maintaining certain tumor-suppressive functions of the wild type protein. Mutants of RhoB introduced into tumor cells by gene therapy or other means may overcome the reduced activity of the endogenous RhoB and suppress tumor growth.
Features and Benefits	 Tumor types that might benefit from treatment by RhoB variants include lung, brain, pancreatic, prostate, and head and neck. Mutants of RhoB may retain tumor suppressive activity while being resistant to inactivation by other signaling proteins. RhoB variants may be combined with other interventions including radiation and chemotherapy. Delivery of RhoB may be as polypeptides or encoding nucleic acids.
Stage of	Proof of concept in human prostate and pancreatic cancer cell
Development	lines.
Inventor	Dr. S. M. Sebti
Publications	Wang, D.A. & Sebti, S.M. (2005) J. Biol. Chem., v. 280, p.19243
and Patents	– 19249. Patent application pending.

Contact Information:	
Haskell Adler PhD MBA Senior Licensing Manager Email: haskell.adler@moffitt.org Telephone: 813-745-6596	
H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, Inc. Office of Technology Management and Commercialization 12902 Magnolia Drive MRC-TTO Tampa, FL 33612 Website: <u>http://www.moffitt.org/OTMC</u>	